## . Description of the education module/course (syllabus)

Course name:	Integrated pest managment	ECTS	1,0
Translation of the course name into English:	-		_
Study field:	General Holticulture		

Language of lectures:	English				Study level:	Master of science
Study form: 🔀 stationary	Status of	primary	obligatory	Semester number: 2		🗵 winter semester
🗆 extramural	lectures:	⊠ directional	☑ facultative	[ [		□ spring semester
	Acaden	nic year from which	the description applies	2021/2022	Catalog number:	OGR-02-S-2Z16.28 ang

Course coordinator:	Prof. Mariusz Lewandowski				
Lecturers:	Prof. Mariusz Lewandowski				
Unit running the course:	Department of Applied Entomology, Faculty of Horticulture, Biotechnology and Landscape Architecture				
Unit ordering the course:	Faculty of Horticulture				
Assumptions, objectives and description of the course:	The range of issues raised during the course are intended to expand and enrich the knowledge gained in the primary course of "Applied Entomology". After completing the course, students will be able to carry out field observations and properly scout for crop pests, identify risks from pests and choose best methods to eliminate them. The lectures will focus on the pest management that relies on a combination of effective and environmentally friendly practices. This course will cover the fundamental information on the pest biology and their interactions with the crops as well as methods for pest monitoring and non-chemical and chemical control in particular types of crops. The impact of pesticide used on the environment and beneficial organisms will be also discussed. Students will expand their knowledge on pests identification and damages which they cause. They will learn how to plan and carry out control treatments based on the principles of integrated production of horticultural crops. Course objectives: Possibility of using certain non-chemical and chemical methods of plant protection in pest management, legislation analysis and registration of plant protection products, review and diagnosis of the most important pests of horticultural crops, signaling methods and forecasting in pests management; selection of methods in integrated pest control; selection of insecticides for IPM; principles of Good Agricultural Practices (GAP); overview, analysis and discussion on problems of pest occurrence in horticultural crops and methodologies of IPM.				
Didactic forms, number of hours:	Lectures; number of hours 15				
Teaching methods:	Lecture, multimedia presentation, discussion				
Formal requirements and prerequisites:	Basic information on pests in horticulture crops and methods of plant protection				
Learning outcomes:	Knowledge: W_01 - knows and understands the assumptions of the integrated method of plant protection W_02 - knows the biology of the most important pests of agricultural plants and their natural enemies and understands the interactions between these organisms W_03 - knows methods of pests control in agricultural crops and understands the need for their combined application	Skills: U_01 – can carry out pests monitoring, recognize pests and beneficial organisms found in horticulture crops U_02 - can choose the methods of protection depending on the structure of harmful organisms	Competences: K_K01 - is ready to design protection of agricultural crops in an integrated system		
The way of verification of learning outcomes :	Effects all – Short-exams				
Form of documentation of achieved learning outcomes :	Short-exams protocol				
Elements and weights affecting the final grade:	Short-exams protocol 100%				
Place of classes:	Department's classrooms				
2. Paskin R., Dhawan A.K 2009.Integ 3. Krebs J. C. 2009. Ecology. Benjamir 4. Hagler J.R., 2000 Biological control Raton, London, New York, pp. 207-24	. In: Rechcigl J.E., Rechcigl N.A. 2000. Insect pe	nent Process. Springer est management. Techniques for environn	nental protection. Lewis Publ. Boca		

5. Gerson U., Smiley R.L., Ochoa R. 2003. Mites (Acari) for Pests Control. Blackwell Science Ltd, Oxford, UK.

6. Hoy M.A., Herzog D.C. 1985. Biological Control in Agricultural IPM ystems. Academic Press, INC.

COMMENTS

Quantitative indicators characterizing the module / object:

Estimated total number of student work hours (contact and own work) necessary to achieve the assumed learning outcomes - on this basis, complete the ECTS field:	30 h	
The total number of ECTS points that a student receives in classes requiring direct participation of academic teachers or		
other lecturers:	0,5 ECTS	

Table of compliance of the directional learning outcomes with the effects of the course:

Effect category	Learning outcomes for the course:	Reference to learning outcomes	The impact of
		specific for study program on	course on the
		particular study field (direction)	directional
			effect *)
Knowledge – W_01	knows and understands the assumptions of the integrated method of plant protection	K_W03; K_W04; K_W09	2; 1; 1
Knowledge – W_02	knows the biology of the most important pests of agricultural plants and their natural enemies and understands the interactions between these organisms	K_W03; K_W07	2; 2
Knowledge - W_02	knows methods of pests control in agricultural crops and understands the need for their combined application	K_W04; K_W06	2; 2
Skills - U_01	can carry out pests monitoring, recognize pests and beneficial organisms found in horticulture crops	K_U03; K_U06	2;1
Skills - U_01	can choose the methods of protection depending on the structure of harmful organisms	K_U04; K_U05	2; 1
Competences - K_01	is ready to design protection of agricultural crops in an integrated system	К_К01; К_К04	2; 1

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3 – znaczący i szczegółowy,

2 – częściowy,

1 – podstawowy,